

The Middletown Transcript.

L-NO 41

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1899.

PRICE THREE CENTS

MASSEY, DEALER IN

EXPOSITION'S FOURTH WEEK.

The fourth week of the National Exposition at Philadelphia and the enterprise in the enjoyment of a degree of popularity far beyond the fondest anticipations of its promoters. The attendance has steadily increased since the opening day, September 14, keeping step with the progress of exhibitors in adding to the attractiveness of their displays, and that the crowds of sightseers will grow in numbers day by day for the remaining weeks of the Exposition is more than assured by the unanimous approval accorded the great show by those who have made a tour of the buildings and stopped in the spacious auditorium during the organ recitals and afternoon and evening concerts.

The Exposition comprises a comprehensive display of American manufactured products. The departments are fully and systematically classified in a manner demonstrating the ability of American manufacturers to supply the world with every article which may be needed in foreign markets. The display of manufactures in the mechanical arts and the exhibit of machinery is one of the most interesting features. As far as practicable, there are operative exhibits which facilitate the quick and thorough understanding and appreciation of the uses and advantages of the mechanism shown.

An important auxiliary is the display of European manufactures, for the purpose of which Congress made an appropriation of \$50,000. The samples for these exhibits were selected abroad by commissioners of the Museum, aided by the consular service of the United States.

Machinery that saves money for the farmer and enables him to economize in the matter of time as well as in that of money, is one of the most important exhibits. It is only when the modern agricultural implements are brought together from time to time, that the sturdy tiller of the soil is enabled to form an idea as to the advancement that is being made in the direction of lightening his burden by diminishing his hours of toil and the cost in dollars and cents of production. An exhibition that will forcibly impress upon the farmer the progress that has been made in the past few years along the line of soil tilling and harvesting mechanism is presented at the Philadelphia National Exposition, an entire building 180x450 feet being devoted almost exclusively to this purpose.

In this precious structure are shown the indispensable cultivator, combining every facility for producing the best results with the least possible energy; plows that turn up the soil according to the latest improved scientific methods and evoke words of praise from the plowman while he humbly glides his weary way; rollers that give to the ground the finishing touches preparatory to seeding; mechanical planters that bury the seed rapidly and with regularity without wasting a single grain; machinery for garnering and storing the crops that have come as a reward for toil and enterprise, and great wagons for carrying the product of the soil to market.

Such in brief is the character of the exhibit in the Exposition implement building, so far as it appeals to farmers direct. A display of road making machines helps to solve the great road problem, in which all humanity is interested.

Vehicles, from the light, airy, rubber-tired pleasure carriage to the ponderous farm, ice and general utility wagon, are exhibited, likewise harnesses for the horses that draw them. The exhibition is the most complete of its kind that has been presented since the Columbian exposition in Chicago, and equally important from the fact that it shows every advancement made since 1893 in the production of farm machinery. Up-to-date farmers will take advantage of this practical, instructive and profitable object lesson in modern mechanism for agriculturists, and for every farmer of whatever degree of enterprise who inspects and studies this display there will be one more who is the better able to compete with his rivals in reaching the markets of the world with his products. He will see practical demonstrations of the utility of this modern machinery, will hear its advantages extolled and will ascertain where and how it may be acquired.

SOME OF THE TRADE EXHIBITS

Some idea of the magnitude of the buildings of the National Exposition and the convenient arrangement of exhibition booths and facilities for reaching every part of all the structures, is conveyed by the fact that in the Main Building there is a length of main aisles of over 11,000 feet, and a length in the cross aisles of 14,000 feet, so that one who has walked through all of the aisles of this building will have completed a journey of about five miles. In the other buildings of the Exposition there are more than four miles of aisles. Hence, to obtain even a glimpse of everything in the Exposition grounds the visitor must walk nearly ten miles. These aisles are lined with a succession of all that is best and most interesting in American manufactures. In the construction of the buildings there were used 3,342,000 pounds of structural steel, and this enormous mass of intricate work was erected within fifty days from the date upon which the contract was signed.

That Throbbing Headache

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold at Vaughan's Pharmacy.

NATIONAL EXPORT EXPOSITION, PHILADELPHIA.

Reduced Rates via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The National Export Exposition, which opens at Philadelphia on September 14 and continues until November 30, will be the most interesting and important event occurring in Philadelphia since the Centennial Exhibition of 1876. In addition to its valuable commercial exhibits it will present many features of popular interest and amusement. The United States Marine Band, Sousa's Band and the Banda Rossa, Innes' Band, Danneberg's and other celebrated bands will furnish music alternately and a Midway Pleasure, equal if not superior to the famous World's Fair Midway at Chicago, and comprising a Chinese Village, a Chinese Theatre, acrobats, and customs; an Oriental Village, London Ghost Show, Hagenbeck's Wild Animal Show, Blaney Castle, and many other unique presentations, will furnish abundant and diversified amusement. Arrangements have also been made for Mandolin, Guitar, and Banjo Concerts, and for a Grand chorus from the German Singing Societies.

For this occasion the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from all points on its line, to Philadelphia and return, at rate of a fare and a third for the round trip plus price of admission. These tickets will be sold during the continuance of the Exposition and will be good for return passage until November 30.

For specific rates and additional information apply to nearest Ticket Agent.

Tonight

If your liver is out of order, causing Biliousness, Sick Headache, Heartburn, or Constipation, take a dose of Hood's Pills.

On retiring, and tomorrow your digestive organs will be regulated and you will be bright, active and ready for any kind of work. This has been the experience of others; it will be yours. HOOD'S PILLS are sold by all medicine dealers. 25 cts.

NIAGARA FALLS EXCURSIONS

Low-Rate Vacation Trips via Pennsylvania Railroad

September 7 and 21 and October 5 and 19 are the dates of the remaining Pennsylvania Railroad popular ten-day excursions to Niagara Falls from Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington, and intermediate points.

Excursion tickets, good for return passage on any regular train, exclusive of limited express trains, within ten days, will be sold at \$10.00 from Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington, and all points on the Delaware Division; \$11.25 from Atlantic City; \$9.50 from Lancaster; \$8.50 from Altoona and Harrisburg; \$9.00 from Sunbury and Wilkesbarre; \$5.75 from Williamsport; and at proportionate rates from other points.

A stopover will be allowed at Buffalo, Rochester, Canandaigua, and Watkins within the limit returning.

A special train of Pullman cars and day coaches will be run with each excursion. An extra charge will be made for parlor seats.

An experienced tourist agent and chamberlain will accompany each excursion.

Tickets for a side trip to the Thousand Islands (Alexandria Bay) will be sold from Rochester in connection with excursions of September 7 and 21, good to return to Rochester or to Canandaigua via Syracuse within five days, at rate of \$5.00.

Tickets for a side trip to Toronto will be sold at Niagara Falls for \$1.00 on September 23. In connection with excursion of September 7, tickets will be sold to Toronto and return at reduced rates, account Toronto Fair.

For pamphlets giving full information and tickets, apply to nearest ticket agent, or address Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

"Deeds Are Fruits, Words are but leaves." It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sassafras does that tells the story. The many wonderful cures effected by this medicine are the fruits by which it should be judged. These prove it to be the great, unequalled remedy for dyspepsia, rheumatism, sciatica, salt rheum, catarrh and all other ailments due to impure or impoverished blood.

Hood's Pills are non-irritating, mild, effective.

"Water, bring me a bottle of Borden's," "Borden's, you mean?" asked the astonished waiter. "Well, just the same; they're both been tampered with," answered the Dreyfus patron.

Good News for Our Readers

Who have scrofula taint in their blood and who have no? Scrofula in all its forms is cured by Hood's Sassafras which thoroughly purifies the blood. This disease, which frequently appears in children, is generally to be dreaded. It is mostly likely to affect the glands of neck, which become enlarged, swellings appear on the head and face, and the eyes are frequently affected. Upon its first appearance, perhaps in slight eruptions or pimples, scrofula should be promptly eradicated from the system by a thorough course of Hood's Sassafras to prevent all the painful and sickening consequences of running scrofula down which drain the system, sap the strength and make existence utterly wretched.

"Evidently," said the carpenter, "that is a secret dossier."

"To what do you refer?" asked his assistant.

"The file that I can't find," replied the carpenter, who had made his own inquiries into the meaning of words used in the Dreyfus trial.

From Union Republican, Oct. 6, 1899.

It would naturally occur to the more thoughtful that the "Regulars," enjoying as they do the favors of the Administration, filling all the offices, getting all the recognition, would be anxious in return for all this, to get matters in such shape as to aid and assist not only in the election of a Republican President, but in strengthening the Republican position in Congress. The anomaly is presented, however, that these recipients of National favor obstruct party union, and endeavor to obstruct the purposes of the National Party both in the election of its candidates as well as by reducing the number of its supporters in the National Legislature; while those who have been robbed of their political rights, and abused in an almost inconceivable manner—both personally and politically—are found urging party union for the sake of party success. The friends of the Administration in the

INCOMPETENT DETECTIVES.

Addicksites Annoyed by the Meeting of Republicans at Dover.

NEW CASTLE AND SUSSEX County Finances Criticized by Papers of Party Opposition.

From Sunday Star, Oct. 8.

The fact that Detectives McVey and Witsell are not working harmoniously accounts for the liberty of a man suspected of being implicated in starting the incendiary fire at Moore's Grove near Laurel, on last Sunday morning. On that morning there were forty summer cottages wiped out, and several persons who lost their homes in the Laurel fire last July were left without shelter. As soon as the State authorities were acquainted with the facts Detective McVey was detailed on the case. He went to the scene and learned of the origin of the fire. Two men and two women were suspected. The two women "talked," and the information thus supplied led to the conclusion that a man named William Thompson was the person guilty of arson. Thompson had left for Little Creek, but McVey did not go after him, nor did he attempt to provide for his capture by any one else. Keeping his information to himself, he returned to this city and then spent two days on a trip to Centerville, Md., to look at a colored man suspected of the murder of George D. Farra. On Thursday two newspapers, one in Philadelphia and the other in Wilmington, published the fact that Thompson was suspected. When McVey went to Little Creek on Friday the suspect had disappeared. He had been reading the papers. Had McVey notified the other State Detective, the suspect could have been arrested, as Detective Witsell was at Georgetown attending court while McVey was at Centerville. Or, had Witsell been on "working terms" with McVey, he would undoubtedly have gone after Thompson, on his own motion, and secured him, but as "the case was in McVey's hands" he declined to interfere.

The State of Delaware is paying these two detectives \$1,300 each, per year to catch violators of the law, but instead of devoting their combined energies to this end, at least one-half of their efficiency—inadequate at the best—is frittered away in a case of "aunks."

The quarrel between these two worthies dates back to the time when McVey was charged with improperly accepting money from private parties for the discharge of his duties, and with borrowing money from gamblers and saloon keepers and forgetting to return it. It appears that Witsell, in the matter of accepting money from private parties, was as deep in the mud as McVey was in the mire, and each, in an effort to save his own bacon, was ready to sacrifice the other. Out of this situation grew the chilly feeling that now divides them, and the public interests must suffer in consequence. There is an old saying that when rogues fall out honest men get their dues, but this case appears to be an exception, for McVey and Witsell still hold their commissions as State detectives, and criminals in Delaware are enabled to profit thereby.

From State Sentinel, Oct. 7.

New Castle county is still wrestling with its big financial problem. It has proven a problem and a big one. The auditors, Russell and Danby, appointed by Judge Spruance, are expert accountants, and after months of arduous labor they have just completed the work of straightening out the snarl into which Democratic incompetency, if not dishonesty, has gotten the finances of the county. The magnitude of the task may be judged by the fact that the report of the auditors fills a book of over 180 pages. The book is not accessible to the public, as only three hundred copies were ordered printed. This much is known, however, that the taxes levied for 1898 aggregated nearly \$240,000. The amount collected was less than \$236,000, while the expenditures amounted to nearly \$354,000, making a deficiency for the year of nearly \$114,000. And this is a specimen of Democratic financialering, and the direct result of overturning the will of the people.

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It would naturally occur to the more thoughtful that the "Regulars," enjoying as they do the favors of the Administration, filling all the offices, getting all the recognition, would be anxious in return for all this, to get matters in such shape as to aid and assist not only in the election of a Republican President, but in strengthening the Republican position in Congress. The anomaly is presented, however, that these recipients of National favor obstruct party union, and endeavor to obstruct the purposes of the National Party both in the election of its candidates as well as by reducing the number of its supporters in the National Legislature; while those who have been robbed of their political rights, and abused in an almost inconceivable manner—both personally and politically—are found urging party union for the sake of party success. The friends of the Administration in the

State are really its enemies. Dupontism is a synonym for unsullied assiduity and ingratitude.

From Milford Chronicle, Oct. 6.

The Middletown "Transcript" has had another fit of Addicksophobia, and declares that McVey, no longer, will the "father" of the "Regular" Republican party (just who the fathers of the founding are the public can only surmise) consent to send Mr. Addicks to the Senate. But in the light of past events we surmise that the "father" will join hands in sending Mr. Addicks, or even the Devil himself, to the United States Senate, if they—the "Regulars" or as the "Transcript" puts it—the "fathers"—can retain the federal patronage and the fat plums of State and county offices.

They wait and see how long will this divided state continue? The answer is plain and easy. Just so long as the "fathers"—(this sounds more soothing) continue to rebel against majority rule in a common primary. But wait out your sorrow and disappointment, friends, you will feel better for it next spring. When the procession moves forward to success, you will either be seated in the band wagon—as usual—or running your sorrow with your allies and friends, the free-silver-gold-compromise-Democratic party of Delaware.

The "Sussex Republican" and "Middletown Transcript" are only whistling to keep their courage up now, but soon they will be compelled to choose between the path to success through united Republican party, and the broad road to the Democratic camp.

From Lewes Pilot, Oct. 7, 1899.

We do not know who had the supervision of the Sussex County portion of the State Auditor's report for the year 1898, but one thing is evident—considerable pains were taken to conceal from the public certain statistics formerly presented in the report. The supervisor of the Sussex edition did not care for the people to see the assessment of each hundred and left the table out. Neither does the table showing the amount of taxes levied for county, road, and poor purposes appear for which there is no explanation. On very important table showing amount of errors, delinquents and commissions allowed on the assessment and levy fails to appear. In former reports of the auditor all these statistics have been printed. Just why they should have been omitted the State official may be able to explain. Another objection to the method of the Sussex edition is that it is not explanatory enough. Here is a specimen: "Order No. 6771, Mr. Blank \$100." Now in Kent County where they have nothing to conceal and are paying off the debt they do things in much better way. For example, "Order No. 123, R. P. Rankin, full time furnished, Kent County fall in full time, \$3.16. This system of itemizing the orders drawn by the Levy Court is much more satisfactory and business like, and then it shows that the Court is not hiding anything, and often may be the means of financial saving to the County."

From Smyrna Call, Oct. 10.

The Milford News and Advertiser is a wild paper. It had some old woman gossip last week about a coalition of the Democrats and Addicksites people in some districts. This is all vapor. There will be no such coalition. The going to do it? No Democrat in the State can carry a dozen Democrats with him to the Addicks camp. No Democrat in the State can trade Democrats, in the open, for Addicks votes. The temper of the people on a proposition of this kind was shown on the last day of the late Legislature.

But if such a bargain or coalition were practical who is going to spring that now, twelve months before an election. The Milford paper could not know of such a thing if it were contemplated. The Democratic party of Delaware will fight John Edward Addicks every foot of the way. It is opposed to his method of the method of the State can carry a dozen Democrats with him to the Addicks camp. No Democrat in the State can trade Democrats, in the open, for Addicks votes. The temper of the people on a proposition of this kind was shown on the last day of the late Legislature.

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A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucken's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Old Sores, Fever Bumps, Ulcers, Blisters, Pains, Corns, all Skin Eruptions. Best Bile cure on earth. Only 25 cts. a box. Sold at Vaughan's Pharmacy.

Sunday School Teacher—Johnnie, was Paul.

Johnnie—He's de fellow wit de funny bunch of whikeas dat's rowin' a bluff at de English.

"Why did you change milkmen?"

"Well, I discovered that the one I am taking milk from now has a nice, clear spring in his farm, while the other had nothing but a cistern."

JOHNSON'S KIDNEY PILLS

THEY CURE! NOT SIMPLY RELIEVE.

What a blessing your Kidney Pills have been to me. I was suffering for a year, and walking nearly blind. Now I can see, and when I see a man bumping along, I tell him to get a box of Johnson's Kidney Pills and get well. J. E. Johnson, 25 PINKET BLDG., CINCINNATI, O.

25 PILLS 10 CENTS.

Superior to any high-priced remedy. By mail, on receipt of five cent stamp.

All Druggists

A Black Eye for Champagne.

On the southeast coast of Newfoundland, about half way between Cape Race and St. John's, lies the wreck of the steamer Scottish King. She was a British trading steamer and it is now almost a year since she was driven in a storm upon that inhospitable, rock-bound shore. In spite of this catastrophe, however, fortune favored the ship to the precise spot on the coast where she struck, and the marvelous manner in which she slipped in between two protecting reefs, instead of grinding directly upon them, she still lies with her hull almost intact. At a little distance she scarcely resembles a wreck; and, indeed, a plan is now on foot for salvaging her.

The fact that she did not go to pieces at once, as most vessels do which have the misfortune to strike that coast line, was a subject for great rejoicing among the fishermen in the neighborhood. A most seductive rumor went abroad that she carried large quantities of champagne in her cargo. The Newfoundlanders' steady drink is, of course, rum, but he has heard of champagne and its powers. Nets and hooks were almost abandoned for a while in the ship's vicinity, owing to the more fascinating "thing to be obtained" in her hold.

Now, although the fishermen had not heard of it, and would have been no wiser if they had, the Scottish King carried just about as much apollinaris as champagne, and the cases containing the mineral water were on top, and hence the more accessible. A glimpse of bottles was quite enough for the Newfoundlanders. The cases of apollinaris went merely ashore, and the sampling began without delay.

Disillusionment and despair! Where were the virtues of this celebrated drink? Bottle after bottle was patiently, gravely disposed of, with no approach to the desired result. One of the men summed it up tersely to a visitor afterward with this half pathetic, half scornful remark:

"Sure, we tried it fair; drank quarts of it and kept on drinkin', but no use; we got no farder!"

The reputation of champagne is probably lower now in that part of Newfoundland than anywhere else in the civilized world.

ADVENTURES OF A WAR BALLOON.

The London Globe.

The Balloon Corps of the Italian Army has been exercising in Rome recently, and experienced the following curious and unpleasant interruption on August 24. It appears that a sudden gust of wind swept away the balloon, made of silk, and the soldiers, holding it by ropes, had to let them go for fear of being carried off by the balloon, which at once rose and made for the hillside district. Toward evening it came to earth at the village of Palombara, and then its troubles really began. The whole population of the neighborhood ran to meet the beautiful, silvery, shining balloon, and soon took it a prisoner.

To their great astonishment, the women and maidens of Palombara discovered that the balloon was made of pure silk, and naturally they all sought to get as large a piece of it as possible to make into dresses. But, despite all their efforts, the simple minded peasants could not empty the balloon, which with every puff of wind bounded hither and thither, and threatened finally to escape from them into the clouds. At last a rumor ran among the crowd that the balloon was a monster escaped from hell, and that the devil was hiding inside it. How to get rid of the devil was the next question. "That will be simple enough," said a crafty peasant. "Let us drag the balloon into the church. If the devil really is inside he will then have to come out of the balloon of his own accord, since no devil can remain inside a church."

No sooner said than done. The balloon was dragged to the church, and the large entrance door was thrown open, but the unwieldy "monster" resisted all efforts to cram it through the church door. Then arose a squabble among the peasants; some of them maintained that the balloon was too huge, while others said that the devil was the cause of their failure to force the balloon through the door, because he resisted with all his strength the efforts being made to make him enter the church by force. A final attempt was made, and by dint of pushing, squeezing and dragging the balloon it was got inside the church.

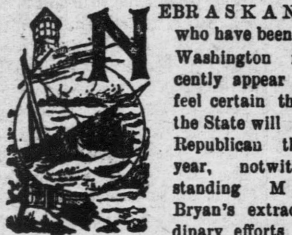
In the church all was darkness. Some candles were at once brought, as the villagers desired to observe closely inside their church. One especially inquisitive peasant went up quite close to the balloon and held a candle to the silk as a part from which there was a small escape of gas. All at once a bluish flame sprang from the balloon; then came in quick succession a fearful roar, a terrible stench and loud calls for help, as the people, half suffocated and many of them slung, ran blindly from the church.

Pale and trembling from their fright, the good folks of Palombara assembled on the square in front of the church. Of course, nearly all of them had seen the devil as a bluish flame and a fearful stench he had escaped from the balloon and out of the church. When the smell had passed away, in the course of half an hour, a couple of foolishly young men ventured to enter the church, again. There were no evident signs that the liberated devil had wrought any great havoc. But the beautiful silk, from which the fair sex of Palombara had intended to make fine garments, was utterly destroyed, and lay black and charred on the flagstones.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Special Correspondent.



EBER A SKANS who have been in Washington recently appear to feel certain that the State will go Republican this year, notwithstanding Mr. Bryan's extraordinary efforts to prevent it. One of them—Mr. W. R. Sapp—said: "While opposed on principle to betting, I should be strongly inclined to make a wager that Nebraska will go Republican this year, if the proposition to do so were made to me. Although a strong Republican, it is not party bias which influences my opinion. I mix with the people, and am confident that the fusionists are not nearly so strong in the State as they were in '96. Neither is Mr. Bryan regarded at home with anything like the feeling of hero-worship that is manifested toward him in certain other sections of the United States. He can't begin to draw the crowds in Nebraska that he can at a Texas fair, for the people that know him best, while they respect and like him, do not see in him any extraordinary qualities of greatness as a statesman."

THE LOWER PENINSULA

(Additional items on the inside pages.)

THE KEIFFER PEAR CROP

At last the farmer has found a fruit to take the place of the luscious peach and it is the Keiffer pear. Scores of Delaware farmers are now growing these pears and deriving excellent prices from the same. While a large number of farmers are shipping their pears at the station and at the Farmers Preserving Company's factory at Rising Sun, several of the largest growers are selling their fruit to Isaac Robinson, of Baltimore, who is conducting factories at Felton, Woodside and Little Creek. Mr. Thomas Hansen, of Rising Sun, has sold his crop of at least 55,000 baskets to Mr. Robinson, and C. W. Lord has disposed of his 20,000 baskets to the same gentleman, besides the large number that he has purchased from other farmers. Mr. W. H. McKee, Mr. S. H. Derby and Mr. John Keed have also large crops. At Little Creek, Woodside and Felton (Mr. Robinson's canneries) the pears are dumped in a pile and consumed as needed. It is a curious sight to see the large piles of pears at these places. Mr. Robinson is paying 25 cents a basket for his fruit while some of the farmers who are selling at the stations are receiving a few cents more on the basket. It is said that Mr. S. H. Derby sold his fruit on Thursday at Woodside for 36 cents, the highest price so far paid for this fruit this season. A. N. Brown, of Wyoming, picked thirty-two baskets from one tree, and C. W. Lord reaped from three trees right together 68 baskets. Scores of farmers are setting Keiffer pear trees out and in a few years expect to reap a rich harvest. At present hundreds of hands are given employment at the factories where this fruit is canned and a lot of money is put in circulation.—Delawarean.

A NARROW ESCAPE

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D. "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four Doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent one above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God, I am saved and am now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at Vaughan's Pharmacy. Regular size 50c. and \$1.00. Guaranteed or price refunded.

A LARGE OYSTER CONTRACT

The largest contract for shucking oysters ever given in this State was made by the Richardson and Robbins Company, of Dover, with Col. W. H. Stevens, the Sanford dredger and packer. The contract is for 1,000 gallons of Chesapeake oysters, delivered immediately after being caught and opened, to be used for canning.

Spain's Greatest Need

Mr. E. P. O'Neil, of Barcelona, Spain, spends his winters at Alben, S. C. Weak nerves had caused severe pains in the back of his head. On using Electric Bitters, America's greatest Blood and Nerve Remedy, all pain soon left him. He says this grand medicine is what his country needs. All America knows that it cures liver and kidney trouble, purifies the blood, tones up the stomach, strengthens the nerves, puts vim, vigor and new life into every muscle, nerve and organ of the body. If weak, tired or ailing you need it. Every bottle guaranteed, only 50 cents. Sold at Vaughan's Pharmacy.

LITERARY NOTES

It is said that Rudyard Kipling and Ernest Seton-Thompson met last winter, and spent an evening telling each other animal stories. The interpreter of the Jungle wanted a story of a grisly bear. Mr. Thompson had one ready for him. It took an hour to tell it. When he had finished, Mr. Kipling exclaimed: "That's fine, Thompson; you don't you write it!" Mr. Thompson has since written it, under the title of "The Biography of a Grisly Bear," and its publication will be begun in the November number of The Century Magazine. It is the first long story by the author of "Wild Animals I Have Known." Needless to say he will illustrate it himself. The decorative arrangement of the pages will be the work of his wife.

Cramps, Colic, Coughs, Toothache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, and all Bowel Complaints.
A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is
Pain-Killer
It is the trusted friend of the Mechanic, Farmer, Planter, Sailor, and in fact all classes. Used internally or externally. Beware of imitations. "Pain-Killer" is the genuine "PAIN-KILLER." Sold everywhere. 25c. and 50c. bottles.

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Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, and Silverware.
ALSO A LARGE STOCK OF
Cut Glass,
AND VARIOUS ARTICLES IN GOLD AND SILVER FOR WEDDING AND BIRTHDAY GIFTS.
Repairing and Silversmithing a Specialty.
Mrs. Thomas Massey,
Main Street, Middletown, Del.

GEO. L. JONES,
700 Delaware Avenue.
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Designer and Manufacturer of
...ARTISTIC...
MEMORIALS
—IN—
MARBLE and GRANITE

We aim to, and do, give you the best and most original designs, independent of all other dealers, as it costs no more to have the latest and best designs, which is greatly to your interest. Estimates furnished on application and visits made to the country upon notification.

GEO. L. JONES,
Wilmington, Delaware

Middletown HARDWARE HOUSE!

LARGEST STOCK!
LOWEST PRICES!

A FULL LINE OF

- Hardware and Tools,
- Cook Stoves and Ranges, Heaters,
- Oil and Gasoline Stoves, Tinware, Agateware,
- Woodenware and House Furnishing Goods
- Galvanized Roofing,
- Barb Wire and Cucumber Wood Pumps,
- Ready-Mixed Paints

AND ALL KINDS OF PAINTING MATERIAL.

Opera House Building
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

- Jardianer Stands.
- Hall Stands, Hanging Hat Racks.
- Easels in Bamboo, Oak and White.
- Mirrors for Mantels and Parlors.
- Ebony and Oak Book Racks.
- Rugs in all sizes of Smyrna and goat skin.
- Stands—Card, Umbrella and Parlor.
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